

## Fourth Semester B.E. Degree Examination, Dec.2014/Jan. 2015 Engineering Mathematics - IV

Time: 3 hrs .
Max. Marks: 100

## Note: 1. Answer any FIVE full questions, selecting atleast TWO questions from each part. <br> 2. Use of statistical table is permitted.

Important Note : 1. On completing your answers, compulsorily draw diagonal cross lines on the remaining blank pages.

## PART - A

1 a. Employ Taylor's series method to find an approximate solution to find y at $\mathrm{x}=0.1$ given $\frac{d y}{d x}=x-y^{2}, y(0)=1$ by considering upto fourth degree term.
(06 Marks)
b. Solve the following by Euler's modified method $\frac{d y}{d x}=\log (x+y), y(0)=2$ to find $y(0.4)$ by taking $\mathrm{h}=0.2$.
(07 Marks)
c. Given $\frac{d y}{d x}=x^{2}(H y)$ and $y(1)=1, y(1.1)=1.233, y(1.2)=1.548, y(1.3)=1.979$. Evaluate $\mathrm{y}(1.4)$ by Adams-Bash forth method. Apply corrector formula twice.
(07 Marks)
2 a. Solve $\frac{d y}{d x}=1+x z$ and $\frac{d z}{d x}=-x y$ for $x=0.3$ by applying Runge Kutta method given $y(0)=0$ and $z(0)=1$. Take $h=0,3$.
(06 Marks)
b. Use Picard's method to obtain the second approximation to the solution of $\frac{d^{2} y}{d x^{2}}-x^{3} \frac{d y}{d x}-x^{3} y=0$ given $y(0)=1, y^{\prime}(0)=0.5$. Also find $y(0.1)$.
(07 Marks)
c. Apply Milne's method to compute $y(0.4)$ given $y^{\prime \prime}+x y^{\prime}+y=0, y(0)=1, y^{\prime}(0)=0$, $y(0.1)=0.995, y^{\prime}(0.1)=-0.0995, y(0.2)=0.9802, y^{\prime}(0.2)=-0.196, y(0.3)=0.956$ and $y^{\prime}(0.3)=-0.2863$.
(07 Marks)
3 a. Derive Cauchy-Riemann equation in Cartesian form.
(06 Marks)
b. Find an analytic function $f(z)$ whose real part is $\frac{\sin 2 x}{\cosh 2 y-\cos 2 x}$ and hence find its imaginary part.
(07 Marks)
c. If $\mathrm{f}(\mathrm{z})$ is a holomorphic function of z , then show that $\left\{\frac{\partial}{\partial \mathrm{x}}|\mathrm{f}(\mathrm{z})|\right\}^{2}+\left\{\frac{\partial}{\partial \mathrm{y}}|\mathrm{f}(\mathrm{z})|\right\}^{2}=\left|\mathrm{f}^{\prime}(\mathrm{z})\right|^{2}$.
(07 Marks)
4 a. Discuss the transformation $\mathrm{w}=\mathrm{z}+\frac{1}{\mathrm{z}}$.
(06 Marks)
b. Find the BLT which maps the points $\mathrm{z}=1, \mathrm{i},-1$ to $\mathrm{w}=\mathrm{i}, 0$, -i . Find image of $|\mathrm{z}|<1$.
(07 Marks)
c. Evaluate $\int_{C}\left\{\frac{\sin \pi z^{2}+\cos \pi z^{2}}{(z-1)^{2}(z-2)}\right\} d z$ where ' $C$ ' is circle $|z|=3$.
(07 Marks)

## PART - B

5 a. Express $f(x)=x^{4}+3 x^{3}-x^{2}+5 x-2$ interms of Legendre polynomials.
(06 Marks)
b. Obtain the solution of $x^{2} y^{\prime \prime}+x y^{\prime}+\left(x^{2}-x^{2}\right) y=0$ interms of $J_{n}(x)$ and $J_{-n}(x)$.
(07 Marks)
c. Derive Rodrique's formula $P_{n}(x)=\frac{1}{2^{n} n} \frac{d}{d x^{n}}\left[\left(x^{2}-1\right)^{x}\right]$.
(07 Marks)
6 a. State the axioms of probability. For any two events $A$ and $B$, prove that, $\mathrm{P}(\mathrm{A} \cup \mathrm{B})=\mathrm{P}(\mathrm{A})+\mathrm{P}(\mathrm{B})-\mathrm{P}(\mathrm{A} \cap \mathrm{B})$.
(06 Marks)
b. A box ' A ' contains 2 white and 4 black balls. Another box ' B ' contains 5 white and 7 black balls. A ball is transferred from the box A to the box B. Then a ball is drawn from the box B. Find the probability that it is white.
(07 Marks)
c. In a certain college $4 \%$ of the boys and $1 \%$ of girls are taller than 1.8 m . Further more $60 \%$ of the students are girls. If a student is selected at random and is found to be taller than 1.8 m , what is the probability that the student is a girl?
(07 Marks)
7 a. The probability density of a continuous random variable is given by $\mathrm{p}(\mathrm{x})=\mathrm{y}_{0} \mathrm{e}^{-|\mathrm{x}|},-10<\mathrm{x}<\infty$. Find $\mathrm{y}_{0}$. Also find the mean. (06 Marks)
b. Obtain the mean and variance of binomial distribution.
(07 Marks)
c. In a test on 2000 electric bulbs, it was found that the life of a particular make was normally distributed with an average life of 2040 hours and SD of 60 hours. Estimate the number of bulbs likely to burn for.
i) More than 2150 hours.
ii) Less than 1950 hours.
iii) More than 1920 hours but less than 2160 hours.

Given $\mathrm{A}(1.5)=0.4332, \mathrm{~A}(1.83)=0.4664, \mathrm{~A}(2)=0.4772$.
(07 Marks)
8 a. In a city 'A' $20 \%$ of a random sample of 900 school boys had a certain slight physical defect. In another city B, $18.5 \%$ of a random sample of 1600 school boys had the same defect. Is the difference between the proportions is significant? Why?
(06 Marks)
b. A manufacturer claimed that atleast $95 \%$ of the equipment which he supplied to a factory conformed to specifications. An examination of a sample of 200 pieces of equipment revealed that 18 of them were faulty. Test his claim at a significance level of $1 \%$ and $5 \%$.
(07 Marks)
c. A set of five similar coins is tossed 320 times and the result is

| No. of heads | 0 | 1 | 2 | 3 | 4 | 5 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Frequency | 6 | 27 | 72 | 112 | 71 | 32 |

Test the hypothesis that the data follow a binomial distribution $\left[\mathrm{x}_{0.05}^{2}=11.07\right.$ for 5 df$]$.
(07 Marks)

## Fourth Semester B.E. Degree Examination, Dec.2014/Jan. 2015 Graph Theory and Combinatorics

Time: 3 hrs .
Max. Marks: 100

## Note: Answer any FIVE full questions, selecting atleast TWO questions from each part.

## PART - A

1 a. Define graph isomorphism and isomorphic graphs. Determine whether the following graphs are isomorphic or not:
(05 Marks)

Fig.Q.1(a)

b. Define complement of a simple graph. Let G be a simple graph of order n . If the size of G is 56 and the size of $\overline{\mathrm{G}}$ is 80 . What is n ?
c. Let $\mathrm{G}=(\mathrm{V}, \mathrm{E})$ be a connected undirected graph. What is the largest possible value for $|\mathrm{V}|$ if $|\mathrm{E}|=19$ and $\operatorname{deg}(\mathrm{v}) \geq 4$ for all $\mathrm{v} \in \mathrm{V}$ ?
(04 Marks)
d. Write a note on "Konigsberg bridge problem and its solution".

2 a. Define planar graph. Prove that the Peterson graph is nonplanar.
(05 Marks)
b. Define Hamilton cycle. How many edge disjoint Hamilton cycles exist in the complete graph with seven vertices? Also draw the graph to show these Hamilton cycles. (05 Marks)
c. Define dual of a planar graph. Construct the dual of the planar graph given in Fig.Q.2(c).
(04 Marks)
Fig.Q.2(c)

d. Define chromatic number and chromatic polynomial. Determine the chromatic polynomial for the graph show in Fig.Q.2(d).
(06 Marks)

Fig.Q.2(d)


3 a. A class room contains 10 micro computer that are to be connected to a wall socket that has 2 outlets. Connections are made by using extension cords that have 2 outlets each. Find the least number of cords needed to get these computer set up for use.
(04 Marks)
b. Apply merge sort to the list $-1,0,2,-2,3,6,-3,5,1,4$.
(04 Marks)
c. Find all the spanning trees of the graph shown in Fig.Q.3(c). Also find all the non isomorphic spanning trees.
(06 Marks)

Fig.Q.3(c)

d. Obtain an optimal prefix code for the message MISSION SUCCESSFUL. Indicate the code for the message.
(06 Marks)

4 a. State Krushkal's algorithm. Using Krushkal's algorithm find a minimal spanning tree for the weighted graph shown in Fig.Q.4(a).
(08 Marks)

Fig.Q.4(a)

b. Apply Dijkstra's algorithm the diagram shown in Fig.Q.4(b) and determine the shortest distance from vertex a to each of the other vertices in the directed graph.
(06 Marks)

Fig.Q.4(b)

c. Define the following with one example for each: i) Cut set; ii) Edge connectivity; iii) Vertex connectivity.
(06 Marks)

## PART - B

5 a. A bit is either 0 or 1. A byte is a sequence of 8 bits. Find: i) The number of bytes; ii) The number of bytes that begin with 11 and end 11 ; iii) the number of bytes that begin with 11 and do not end with 11 and iv) the number of bytes that begin 11 or end with 11.
(06 Marks)
b. How many arrangements of the letters in MISSISSIPPI have no consecutive S's?
(05 Marks)
c. Find the coefficient of $x^{\circ}$ in the expansion of $3\left(x^{2}-\frac{2}{x}\right)^{15}$.
(05 Marks)
d. In how many ways can we distribute 7 apples and 6 oranges among 4 children so that each child gets at least 1 apple?
(04 Marks)
6 a. How many integers between I and 300 (inclusive) are
i) Divisible by at least one of $5,6,8$ ?
ii) Divisible by none of 5, 6, 8 ?
(06 Marks)
b. Define derangement. Find the number of derangements of 1, 2, 3, 4. List all the derangements.
(06 Marks)
c. Five teachers $T_{1}, T_{2}, T_{3}, T_{4}, T_{5}$ are to be made class teachers for five classes, $\mathrm{C}_{1}, \mathrm{C}_{2}, \mathrm{C}_{3}, \mathrm{C}_{4}, \mathrm{C}_{5}$ one teacher for each class. $\mathrm{T}_{1}$ and $\mathrm{T}_{2}$ do not wish to become the class teachers for $\mathrm{C}_{1}$ or $\mathrm{C}_{2}, \mathrm{~T}_{3}$ and $\mathrm{T}_{4}$ for $\mathrm{C}_{4}$ or $\mathrm{C}_{5}$, and $\mathrm{T}_{5}$ for $\mathrm{C}_{3}$ or $\mathrm{C}_{4}$ or $\mathrm{C}_{5}$. In how many ways can the teachers be assigned the work?
(08 Marks)
7 a. Find the generating function for the sequence $8,26,54,92 \ldots$
(06 Marks)
b. Using generating function, find the number of i) non negative and ii) positive integer solutions of the equation $x_{1}+x_{2}+x_{3}+x_{4}=25$.
(08 Marks)
c. Define exponential generating functions using exponential generating function find the number of ways in which 5 of the letters in the word CALCULUS be arranged.
(06 Marks)
8 a. The number of bacteria in a culture is 1000 (approximately) and this number increases $250 \%$ every two hours. Use a recurrence relation to determine the number of bacteria present after one day.
(05 Marks)
b. Solve the recurrence relation $a_{n+2}-4 a_{n+1}+3 a_{n}=-200, n \geq 0$ and $a_{0}=3000, a_{1}=3300$.
(07 Marks)
c. Find the generating function for the recurrence relation $a_{n+1}-a_{n}=n^{2}, n \geq 0$ and $a_{0}=1$.
(08 Marks)


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# Fourth Semester B.E. Degree Examination, Dec.2014/Jan. 2015 Design and Analysis of Algorithms 

Time: 3 hrs .

## Note: Answer FIVE full questions, selecting at least TWO questions from each part.

## PART - A

1 a. Find $\operatorname{gcd}(31415,14142)$ by applying Euclid's algorithm. Estimate how many times it is

2 a. Find the upper bound of recurrences given below by substitution method.
i) $2 \mathrm{~T}\left(\frac{\mathrm{n}}{2}\right)+\mathrm{n}$
ii) $T\left(\frac{n}{2}\right)+1$
(06 Marks)
b. Sort the following elements using merge sort. Write the recursion tree. $70,20,30,40,10,50,60$
(06 Marks)
c. Write the algorithm for quick sort. Derive the worst case time efficiency of the algorithm.

3 a. Write greedy method control abstraction for subset paradigm.
(04 Marks)
b. Using greedy method, trace the following graph to get shortest path from vertex ' $a$ ' to all other vertices.
(06 Marks)


Fig. Q3 (b)
c. What is the solution generated by the function job scheduling (JS) when $n=5$, $\left[\mathrm{P}_{1}, \mathrm{P}_{2}, \mathrm{P}_{3}, \mathrm{P}_{4}, \mathrm{P}_{5}\right]=[20,15,10,5,1]$ and
$\left[\mathrm{d}_{1}, \mathrm{~d}_{2}, \mathrm{~d}_{3}, \mathrm{~d}_{4}, \mathrm{~d}_{5}\right]=[2,2,1,3,3]$
(06 Marks)
d. Apply PRIMS algorithm for the following graph to find minimum spanning tree. ( $\mathbf{0 4}$ Marks)


Fig. Q3 (d)
4 a. Using dynamic programming, compute the shortest path from vertex 1 to all other vertices.
(10 Marks)


Fig. Q4 (a)
1 of 3

4 b. Solve the Knapsack instance $\mathrm{n}=3,\left\{\mathrm{~W}_{1}, \mathrm{~W}_{2}, \mathrm{~W}_{3}\right\}=\{1,2,2\}$ and $\left\{\mathrm{P}_{1}, \mathrm{P}_{2}, \mathrm{P}_{3}\right\}=\{18,16,6\}$ and $M=4$ by dynamic programming.
(04 Marks)
c. For the given graph, obtain optimal cost tour using dynamic programming.


Fig. Q4 (c)
PART - B
5 a. What are the three variations of decrease and conquer technique.
(03 Marks)
b. Conduct DFS for the following graph:
(05 Marks)


Fig. Q5 (b)
c. Apply DFS based algorithm to solve topological sorting problem for the following graph:
(06 Marks)


Fig. Q5 (c)
d. Construct shift table for the patternn EARN and search for the same in text FAIL - MEANS - FIRST - ATTEMPT - IN - LEARNING using Horspool algorithm.

6 a. Explain the four methods used to establish lower bounds of algorithm.
(08 Marks)
b. Define decision trees. Write the decision tree for the three element selection sort.
(06 Marks)
c. Define P, NP and NP complete problems.
(06 Marks)
7 a. Explain how back tracking used for solving 4-queens problem. Write the state space tree.
(06 Marks)
b. Solve the following assignment problem using branch and bound method.
(08 Marks)

|  | Jobl | Job2 | Job3 | Job4 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Person a | 9 | 2 | 7 | 8 |
| Person b | 6 | 4 | 3 | 7 |
| Person c | 5 | 8 | 1 | 8 |
| Person d | 7 | 6 | 9 | 4 |

7 c Apply twice-around-the-tree algorithm for the travelling sales person problem for the following graph.
(06 Marks)


Fig. Q7 (c)
8 a. Explain the yarious models for parallel computations.
(09 Marks)
b. Let the $\mathrm{i} / \mathrm{p}$ to the prefix computation be $5,12,8,6,3,9,11,12,1,5,6,7,10,4,3,5$ and there are four processors and $\oplus$ stands for addition. With diagram explain how prefix computation is done by parallel algorithm.
(08 Marks)
c. Explain how matrix $\widetilde{M}$ is computed using parallel algorithm for the given graph.
(03 Marks)


Fig. Q8 (c)


## Fourth Semester B.E. Degree Examination, Dec.2014/Jan. 2015 UNIX and Shell Programming

## Note: Answer FIVE full questions, selecting atleast TWO questions from each part.

## PART - A

1 a. Describe briefly the UNIX architecture explaining the role played by the kernel and shell in sharing the work load.
(08 Marks)
b. Draw the tree structure of the file system created by the following commands (assume you are in the directory/usr/office). Why is it not possible to issue the command rmdir/usr/office/right.
\$ mkdir left
\$ mkdir middle
\$ mkdir right
\$ cd left
\$ mkdir left middle right
\$ cd ../middle
\$ mkdir dirl dir2/usr/office/right/dir3.
(08 Marks)
c. Explain the concept of absolute path name and relative pathname.
(04 Marks)
2 a. Which command is used for listing file attributes? Explain briefly the significance of each field of the output.
(06 Marks)
b. Assuming that a file's current permissions are $\mathrm{r} \mathrm{w} \mathrm{Xr}--\mathrm{r}-\mathrm{x}$, specify the chmod expression required to change them to :
i) $\mathrm{rwxrwxr}-\mathrm{x}$
ii) $\mathrm{r}-\mathrm{xr}-\mathrm{x}--\mathrm{x}$
iii) $---r--r-x$
iv) ---r w $-\mathrm{r}-$,
using both relative and absolute methods of assigning permissions.
(08 Marks)
c. Explain the three modes of vi and explain how you can switch from one mode to another.
(06 Marks)
3 a. Explain the three sources of standard input and standard output.
(06 Marks)
b. Explain what these wild - card patterns match :
i) $[\mathrm{A}-\mathrm{Z}]$ ????*
ii) $*[0-9] *$
iii) $*[!0-9]$
iv) $* \cdot[!\mathrm{s}][!\mathrm{h}]$.
(08 Marks)
c. What is a process? Mention briefly the role of fork - exec mechanism in process creation.
(06 Marks)
4 a. What are hard-links? Explain two application areas of hard-links. What are the two main disadvantages of the hard-link?
(06 Marks)
b. Explain these commands with examples : i) umask ii) touch .
(06 Marks)
c. Explain the following commands :
i) pr
ii) tail
iii) sort
iv) tr .
(08 Marks)

## PART - B

5 a. Explain the grep command with options.
(08 Marks)
b. What is sed? Explain addressing in sed, with suitable examples.
(08 Marks)
c. Explain the anchoring characters.

6 a. Explain the special parameters used by the shell.
(06 Marks)
b. What is shell script? Explain the following statements with syntax and examples :
i) if
ii) case
iii)while.
(10 Marks)
c. What is the exit status of a command and where is it stored?

7 a. Explain awk's build-in variables.
(06 Marks)
b. Write a program in awk to store the totals of the basic pay, da, hra and gross pay of the sales and marketing people.
(06 Marks)
c. Briefly describe the built-in functions in awk, with examples.
(08 Marks)
8 a. Write a Perl script to determine whether the given year is a leap year or not.
b. Write a Perl script to convert decimal number to binary.
c. Explain variables and operators in Perl.

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Fourth Semester B.E. Degree Examination, Dec.2014/Jan. 2015 Microprocessors

## Note: Answer FIVE full questions, selecting atleast TWO questions from each part.

## PART - A

1 a. Write any four differences between read mode and protected mode memory system.
(04 Marks)
b. Explain real mode memory system of a personal computer system. (06 Marks)
c. Explain briefly the programming model of 8086 through core -2 microprocessor. ( $\mathbf{1 0}$ Marks)

2 a. What is paging? Explain the paging mechanism used in 80386 through core -2 microprocessors.
(08 Marks)
b. Explain with examples, the various data related addressing modes.
(08 Marks)
c. For $\mathrm{DS}=1200 \mathrm{~h}, \mathrm{DI}=2024 \mathrm{~h}, \mathrm{ARRAY}=0012 \mathrm{~h}, \mathrm{BX}=1012 \mathrm{~h}$, find the physical address for the following instructions. if MOV AL, ARRAY [BX] ii) MOV AL, ARRAY [BX] [DI].
(04 Marks)
3 a. Describe the operation of the following instructions with examples :
i) LEA ii) XLAT iii) DAA iv) IMUL.
(08 Marks)
b. Write the machine code for the following instructions :
i) MOV BP, SP
ii) MOV WORD PTR [BX + 1000 h$], 1234 \mathrm{~h}$.
(08 Marks)
c. Explain the following assembler directives, with examples :
i) EXTRN
ii) PTR.
(04 Marks)
4 a. With format explain rotate instructions. Give examples to rotate right by 2 - bit and rotate left by 4 - bits.
(06 Marks)
b. Explain the following statements to control the flow of the program, with examples:
i) $\cdot$ IF - ENDIF
ii) •REPEAT - •UNTIL
iii) - WHILE - •ENDW.
(06 Marks)
c. Explain the sequence of operation that takes place during the execution of CALL and RET instructions. Mention the differences between :
i) near and far procedures
ii) procedures and macros.

## PART - B

5 a. Write an 8086 ALP to find the factorial of a given number using recursive procedures.
(06 Marks)
b. Write a mixed ALP with ' C ' to perform a simple calculator operations.
(10 Marks)
c. Write an 8086 ALP to convert the given binary number into its equivalent unpacked decimal and ASCII.
(04 Marks)

6 a. Explain the following pin functions of 8086 microprocessor :
i) READY
ii) INTR
iii) $\overline{\text { TEST }}$
iv) NMI.
(08 Marks)
b. With a neat diagram, explain the minimum mode system of 8086 microprocessor. ( $\mathbf{0 7}$ Marks)
c. Explain the timing diagram of read operation in 8086 microprocessor.

7 a. How 8086 microprocessor selects 8 - bit or 16 - bit data from odd or even memory banks?
(04 Marks)
b. Interface $8 \mathrm{~K} \times 8$ ROM and $4 \mathrm{~K} \times 8$ RAM to 8086 microprocessor. Assume that the starting address for ROM is 40000 h and that for RAM is 44000 h .
(10 Marks)
c. Mention the differences between memory mapped I/O and Isolated I/O.

8 a. With a neat block diagram, explain 82C55 PPI. Write the control words for
i) PORT A input, PORT B output and PORTC output
ii) PORT A output, PORT B input, and PORTC input in simple I/O mode.
(08 Marks)
b. With a neat diagram, explain 8254 PIT.
c. Explain briefly the interrupt vector table of 8086 microprocessor.

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Fourth Semester B.E. Degree Examination, Dec.2014/Jan. 2015 Computer Organization

Time: 3 hrs .

Max. Marks: 100

## Note: Answer FIVE full questions, selecting atleast TWO questions from each part. <br> PART - A

1 a. Explain the basic operational concepts between the processor and the memory. (08 Marks)
b. How to measure the performance of the computer? Explain.
(06 Marks)
c. Write a note on byte addressability, big-endian and little - endian assignment.
(06 Marks)
2 a. What is an addressing mode? Explain any four types of addressing modes, with example.
b. With example, explain subroutine stack frame.
(08 Marks)
c. Explain how to encode the instructions into 32 - bit words.

3 a. What is an interrupt? With example illustrate the concept of interrupts.
(06 Marks)
b. Explain in detail, the situations where a number of devices capable of initiating interrupts are connected to the processor? How to resolve the problems?
(08 Marks)
c. Explain the two approaches for bus arbitration.
(06 Marks)
4 a. Describe how a read operation is performed on a PCI bus.
(10 Marks)
b. List the sequence of events that takes place when a processor sends a commands to the SCSI controller.
(10 Marks)

## PART - B

5 a. Discuss the internal organization of a $2 \mathrm{M} \times 8$ asynchronous DRAM chip.
(10 Marks)
b. Describe the different mapping functions in cache.
(10 Marks)
6 a. Write the logic diagram of 4 - bit carry look ahead adder. Explain the operation. (06 Marks)
b. Perform multiplication for -13 and +9 using Booth's algorithm. ( 06 Marks)
c. Write the circuit arrangement for binary division. Perform the restoring division for the given binary numbers $1000 \div 11$, show all the cycles.
(08 Marks)
7 a. Explain the three - bus organization of the processor.
(08 Marks)
b. Discuss the organization of hardwired control unit.
(08 Marks)
c. Write the micro-routine for the instruction Add - (Rsrc), Rdst.

8 a. With a neat diagram, explain the organization of a shared memory multiprocessor.
(08 Marks)
b. What is hardware multithreading? Explain the three approaches to hardware multithreading.
c. Explain: i) SISD
ii) MIMD
iii) SIMD and
iv) SPMD.
(04 Marks)

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## Fourth Semester B.E. Degree Examination, Dec.2014/Jan. 2015 Advanced Mathematics - II

Time: 3 hrs .
Max. Marks: 100

## Note: Answer any FIVE full questions.

1 a. If $l, \mathrm{~m}, \mathrm{n}$ are the direction cosines of a line then prove that $l^{2}+\mathrm{m}^{2}+\mathrm{n}^{2}=1$
b. Find angle between any two diagonals of a cube.
(06 Marks) and $2 l+2 \mathrm{~m}-\mathrm{mn}=0$.
(07 Marks)
2 a. With the usual notations derive the equation of the plane in the form $l x+m y+n z=0$
(06 Marks)
b. Find the equation of the plane through $(1,2,-1)$ and perpendicular to the planes $x+y-2 z=5$ and $3 x-y+4 z=12$.
(07 Marks)
c. Find the shortest distance between the lines,
$\frac{x-6}{3}=\frac{y-7}{-1}=\frac{z-4}{1}$ and
$\frac{x}{-3}=\frac{y+9}{2}=\frac{z-2}{4}$
(07 Marks)

3 a. Prove that $\vec{a} \times(\vec{b} \times \vec{c})=\vec{b}(\vec{c} \cdot \vec{a})-(\vec{c}(\vec{a} \cdot \vec{b})$
(06 Marks)
b. Find the sine of angle between the vectors $\vec{a}=2 \hat{i}-2 \hat{j}+\hat{k}$ and $\vec{b}=\hat{i}-2 \hat{j}+2 \hat{k}$.
(07 Marks)
c. Show that the vectors $\vec{a}=\hat{i}-2 \hat{j}+3 \hat{k}, \vec{b}=2 \hat{i}+\hat{j}+\hat{k}$ and $\vec{c}=3 \hat{i}+4 \hat{j}-\hat{k}$ are coplanar.
(07 Marks)
4 a. Find the unit normal vector to the space curve $\vec{r}=4 \sin t \hat{i}+4 \cos t \hat{j}+3 t \hat{k}$.
(06 Marks)
b. A particle moves along the curve $\vec{r}=\cos 2 t \hat{i}+\sin 2 t \hat{j}+t \hat{k}$. Find the velocity and acceleration at $t=\frac{\pi}{8}$ along $\sqrt{2} \hat{i}+\sqrt{2} \hat{j}+\hat{k}$.
(07 Marks)
c. Find angle between the surfaces $x^{2}+y^{2}+z^{2}=9$ and $x=z^{2}+y^{2}-3$ at $(2,-1,2)$
(07 Marks)
5 a. Find the directional derivative of $x^{2} y z^{3}$ at $(1,1,1)$ in the direction of $\hat{i}+\hat{j}+2 \hat{k}$.
(06 Marks)
b. If $\vec{F}=(x+y+1) \hat{i}+\hat{j}-(x+y) \hat{k}$ then show that $\vec{F} \cdot \operatorname{curl} \vec{F}=0$
(07 Marks)
c. Show that the vector $\vec{F}=\left(3 x^{2}-2 y z\right) \hat{i}+\left(3 y^{2}-2 z x\right) \hat{j}+\left(3 z^{2}-2 x y\right) \hat{k}$ is irrotational.
(07 Marks)

6 a. Prove that $L[\sin a t]=\frac{a}{s^{2}+\mathrm{a}^{2}}$.
b. Find $L[\sin t \sin 2 t \sin 3 t]$.
c. Find $L\left[\mathrm{te}^{-t} \sin 2 \mathrm{t}\right]$.
d. Find $\mathrm{L}\left[\frac{\mathrm{e}^{a t}-e^{b t}}{t}\right]$.

7 a. If $L[f(t)]=\int_{0}^{\infty} e^{-s t} f(t) d t$ then prove that $L\left[f^{\prime \prime}(t)\right]=s^{2} L[f(t)]-s f(0)-f^{\prime}(0)$.
b. Find $L^{-1}\left[\frac{s+2}{s^{2}-4 s+13}\right]$.
(05 Marks)
c. Find $\mathrm{L}^{-1}\left[\frac{\mathrm{~s}+1}{(\mathrm{~s}-2)^{3}}\right]$.
${ }^{\circ}$
d. Find $L^{-1}\left[\log \left(\frac{s-a}{s-b}\right)\right]$.
(05 Marks)

8 a. Using Laplace transform solve $y^{\prime \prime}-2 y^{\prime}+y=e^{2 t}$ with $y(0)=0, y^{\prime}(0)=1$.
(10 Marks)
b. Using Laplace transform solve the simultaneous equation,
$\frac{d x}{d t}+y=\sin t$
$\frac{d y}{d t}+x=\cos t$
given that $x(0)=1, y(0)=0$

